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#6a

Essential Skills Preview pg 253 # 1 to 8

$$\begin{aligned} x+7 &= -10 \\ &= \underline{-10} \\ &= -1.428571429 \times 7 \\ x &= -10 \end{aligned}$$

Check
 $x = -10$?

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Ls} \\ = x+7 \\ = (-10)+7 \\ = -3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} \text{Rs} \\ = -10 \end{array}$$

$-3 \neq -10$

$\therefore x = -10$
is false

Correction

(6a) $x+7 = -10$

Solve by inspection
Trial & Error
Guess & Check

Algebra \rightarrow

collecting like terms \rightarrow

$$x + 7 = -10$$
$$x = -10 - 7$$

Why? "-7"

$$X + \overset{-7}{7} = -10 \overset{-7}{-7}$$

$$X \overset{\text{cancels}}{\cancel{+7-7}} = -10 - 7$$

$$X = -10 - 7$$
$$X = -17$$

Check $X = -17$

$$\frac{X + 7}{\text{LS}} = \frac{-10}{\text{RS}}$$

$$\frac{\text{LS}}{= X + 7}$$

$$\frac{\text{RS}}{= -10}$$

$$= -17 + 7$$

$$= -10$$

LS = RS $\therefore X = -17$ is true!

4.1 Introduction to ALGEBRA; ADDING LIKE TERMS pg254

p.253 preview questions and skills

#7c) Solve for the remaining variable

Given data

$$I = Prt$$
$$I = 19.20$$
$$P = 120$$
$$r = 8\% = 0.08$$

Next
Sub in
Values
for variables
and
simplify

$$19.20 = 120(0.08)t$$

times

$$19.20 = 9.6t$$

9.6 is
t's coefficient

See next
page

Now
do the
opposite

$$19.20 \div 9.6 = t$$
$$t = 2$$
$$\therefore t = 2$$

Why?

>>because on each side of the equal symbol you need to perform the same operation to keep the equation balanced, which means you haven't altered the equation,

>>>so what you do to one side you have to do the other side

>>>>the reason why you divide 19.20 by 9.6 is because to isolate t you divide by 9.6, which means the coefficient for t is 1.

Ex.

$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Reduces} \\ \text{4} \\ \hline 8a^3 \\ 2a \\ \hline = 4a^2 \end{array}$$
$$\begin{array}{l} \text{Reduces to} \\ \hline 8a^3 \\ 8a^2 \\ \hline = a^1 \end{array}$$

>>the reason why we chose to divide by 9.6 is because division is the opposite of multiplication and the equation starts with 9.6 times t.

>>>>and to isolate the unknown variable we need to perform the opposite operations that appear in the equation

$$19.20 = \underline{120(0.08)t}$$

first simplify

$$19.20 = 9.6t$$

then isolate

$$\frac{19.20}{9.6} = \frac{9.6t}{9.6}$$

balanced!

these divide to =!

$$2 = 1t$$

always conclude with the variable on the left

$$\boxed{\therefore t = 2}$$

true?

$$(X) + 3 = 10$$

what value makes "X" true?

if $x = 7$

then

$$LS = (7) + 3 = \boxed{10} \quad RS = 10$$

When $LS = RS$

the value $x = 7$
makes the equation true.

in other words,

$$x = 7$$

Satisfies the equation.

$$\downarrow$$
$$LS = RS$$

\downarrow

p. 253
#6d)

$$\cancel{-5 = 9r - 7}$$

Diagram showing the equation $-5 = 9r - 7$ with a red diagonal line through it. Green arrows point to the -5 and -7 terms, which are labeled with $+7$ above them. A red arrow points down from the right side of the equation. Below the equation, the word "is" is written in red and underlined.

$$\underline{-5 + 7 = 9r - 7 + 7}$$

$$2 = 9r + 0$$

where "cancelled" is written in green above the 0 .

$$2 = 9r$$

is "r" isolated? No!

Why? because the coefficient
is 9 instead of 1.

$$\frac{2}{9} = \frac{\cancel{9}r}{\cancel{9}}$$

where "reduced" is written in red above the fraction.

$$\frac{2}{9} = 1r$$

$$\therefore r = \frac{2}{9} = 0.2222\dots = 0.\overline{2}$$

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#6d solution

$$-5^{+7} = 9r - 7^{+7}$$

$$\frac{2}{9} = \frac{9}{9}r$$

$$r = \frac{2}{9}$$

terms? = parts separated by

Algebra Skills

$$3x + 2y - 7 + 15$$

$$3x + 2y - 7 + 15$$

4 terms

by adding, subtracting or other symbols.

Which can we gather?

$$3x + 2y - 7 + 15$$

$$3x + 2y + 8$$

gather = simplify = collect

$$-7 + 15$$

add subtract

Can we add $3x+2y$? NO

because they are different
Variables

instead call them

unlike terms.

We can collect

like terms.

↑
same variable and
same exponents

or

#s.

Ex. 1

$$\underline{\underline{3x}} + \underline{7y} - \underline{\underline{2x}} - \underline{4y}$$

⇒ rearrange like terms

$$= 3x - 2x + 7y - 4y$$

now collect

$$\rightarrow = 1x + 3y$$

simplified because we are left with
unlike terms.

① Make Blue Notes

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④.1 Adding & Subtracting
Simple Polynomials.

5th bullet!

② p. 257 #1-5.