

# MPM2D(Y) EXAM REVIEW

## CHAPTER 1

1. Solve the following system of equations using the substitution method.

$$x - y = 1$$

$$3x + y = 11$$

2. Solve the following by elimination.

$$6x + 5y = 22$$

$$3y = 4x + 36$$

3. Solve the following system by graphing.

$$3x - 2y = 12$$

$$x - 2y = 8$$

4. Tran had \$10000 to invest. She invested part of it in a term deposit paying 4% per annum and the remainder in bonds paying 5% per annum. If the total interest after 1 year was \$440, how much did she invest at each rate?

## CHAPTER 2

1. Find the length of the line segment joining the following pair of points.  
B (5,-1) and C (-3,4)
2. Determine the shortest distance from the origin to the line  $y = 2x - 10$ .
3. Find the coordinates of the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints P (2,-7) and Q (-3,5).
4. Verify that A (4,2), B (-2,-2) and C (2,8) are the vertices of an isosceles triangle.

## CHAPTER 3

1. Fully factor the following.
  - a)  $3x^2 + 3x - 18$
  - b)  $x^2 - 2xy - 15y^2$
  - c)  $10x^2 - 22x + 4$
  - d)  $8x^2 - 18y^2$
  - e)  $4x^2 + 20x + 25$
2. Write an equation for the parabola with vertex (1,2) and y-intercept 4.
3. Solve this quadratic equation algebraically (factor method).

$$2m^2 = 3 - 5m$$

## CHAPTER 4

- Express  $y = 3x^2 - 12x + 11$  in the form  $y = a(x - h)^2 + k$  by completing the square.
- Solve using the quadratic formula.  
 $12x^2 - 40 = 17x$
- Sketch the following quadratic relation and describe the transformations:

$$y = -2(x - 5)^2 - 2$$

- A baseball player throws a ball from the outfield to home plate. The height of the ball,  $h$ , in m, at time  $t$ , in s is given by the equation:

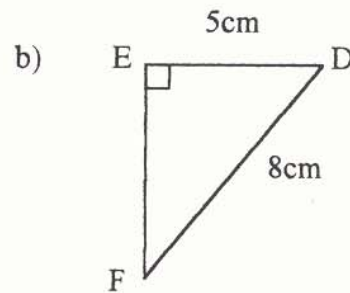
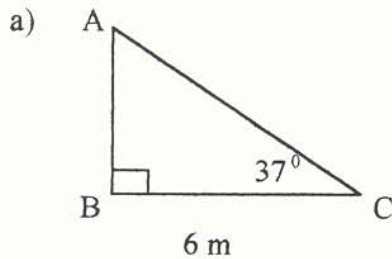
$$h = -2t^2 + 12t - 7$$

Use the completing the square method to determine:

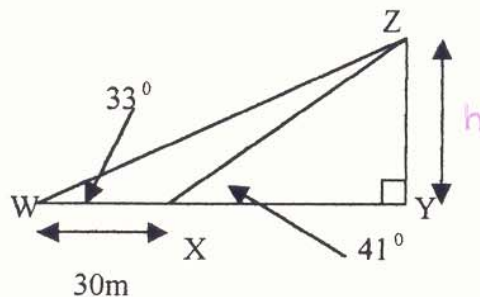
- The maximum height the ball reaches.
  - The time at which the maximum height is attained.
- Use the discriminant to determine how many roots each equation has.
    - $-3x^2 + 5x - 6 = 0$
    - $-2(x - 3)^2 + 13 = 0$

## CHAPTER 5

- Solve each of the following triangles.
  - In triangle ABC,  $\angle B = 90^\circ$ ,  $\angle A = 47^\circ$  and  $b = 15\text{cm}$ .
  - In triangle DEF,  $\angle D = 90^\circ$ ,  $e = 8\text{mm}$  and  $f = 12\text{mm}$ .
- Solve each of the following triangles. Round each side length to the nearest tenth and each angle to the nearest degree.



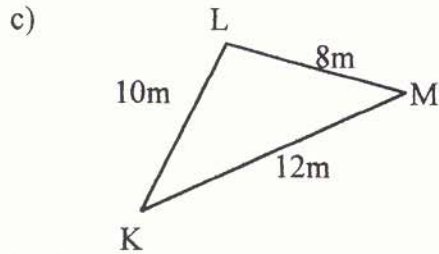
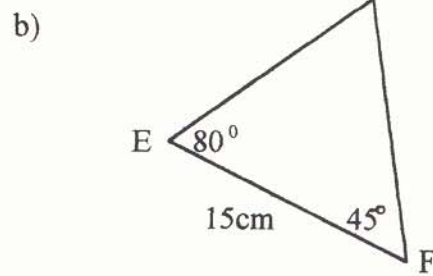
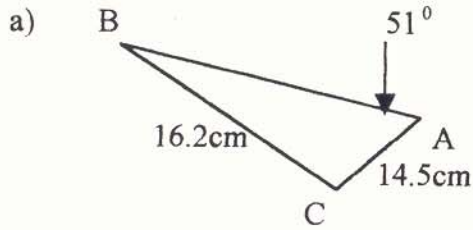
- Find the length  $h$ , to the nearest tenth of a metre.



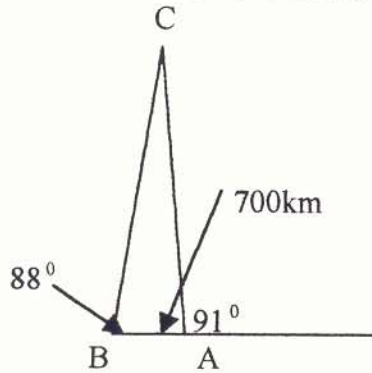
- A flagpole casts a shadow of 28 m when the sun's rays make an angle of  $25^\circ$  with the ground. How tall is the flagpole to the nearest metre?

## CHAPTER 6

1. Solve each of the following triangles. Round side lengths to the nearest tenth and angles to the nearest degree.



2. In relation to two receiving towers, A and B, a communications satellite, C, is located as shown. How far is the satellite from the tower A, to the nearest kilometre?



## ANSWERS

### CH 1

1. (3,2)
2. (-3,8)
3. (2,-3)
4. \$6000 AT 4% AND \$4000 AT 5%.

### CH 2

1. 9.4
2. 4.5
3.  $-\frac{1}{2}, -1$
4.  $AB = 7.21, BC = 7.21$  and  $AC = 10.2$

### CH 3

- $3(x+3)(x-2)$
  - $(x-5y)(x+3y)$
  - $2(x-2)(5x-1)$
  - $2(2x+3y)(2x-3y)$
  - $(2x+5)^2$
- $y = 2(x-2)^2 + 2$
- $m = \frac{1}{2}, -3$

### CH 4

- $y = 3(x-2)^2 - 1$
- $\frac{8}{3}, -\frac{5}{4}$
- 4.25m
  - 5m
  - 2m
- 11m
  - 3s
- 0 roots
  - 2 roots

### CH 5

- $\angle C = 43^\circ$ ,  $a = 11.0$  cm,  $c = 10.2$  cm
  - $\angle E = 34^\circ$ ,  $\angle F = 56^\circ$  and  $d = 14.4$  mm
- $\angle A = 53^\circ$ ,  $b = 7.5$ m and  $c = 4.5$ m
  - $d = 6.2$ m,  $\angle D = 51^\circ$  and  $\angle F = 39^\circ$
- 77.0m
- 13m

### CH 6

- $\angle B = 44^\circ$ ,  $\angle C = 85^\circ$ ,  $c = 20.8$  cm
  - $\angle D = 55^\circ$ ,  $c = 18.0$  cm,  $f = 12.9$  cm
  - $\angle K = 41^\circ$ ,  $\angle L = 83^\circ$ ,  $\angle M = 56^\circ$
- 13367 km.